

Disclaimer

This presentation is not and under no circumstances to be construed as a solicitation, offer, or recommendation, to buy or sell securities issued by Santhera Pharmaceuticals Holding AG. Santhera Pharmaceuticals Holding AG makes no representation (either express or implied) that the information and opinions expressed in this presentation are accurate, complete or up to date. Santhera Pharmaceuticals Holding AG disclaims, without limitation, all liability for any loss or damage of any kind, including any direct, indirect or consequential damages, which might be incurred in connection with the information contained in this presentation.

This presentation expressly or implicitly contains certain forward-looking statements concerning Santhera Pharmaceuticals Holding AG and its business. Certain of these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology or by discussions of strategy, plans or intentions. Such statements involve certain known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause the actual results, financial condition, performance or achievements of Santhera Pharmaceuticals Holding AG to be materially different from any expected results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. There can be no guarantee that any of the research and/or development projects described will succeed or that any new products or indications will be brought to market. Similarly, there can be no guarantee that Santhera Pharmaceuticals Holding AG or any future product or indication will achieve any particular level of revenue. In particular, management's expectations could be affected by, among other things, uncertainties involved in the development of new pharmaceutical products, including unexpected preclinical and clinical trial results; unexpected regulatory actions or delays or government regulation generally; the Santhera Pharmaceuticals Holding AG's ability to obtain or maintain patent or other proprietary intellectual property protection; competition in general; government, industry, and general public pricing and other political pressures. Santhera Pharmaceuticals Holding AG is providing the information in this presentation as of the date of the publication, and does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained herein as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



Santhera Pharmaceuticals Corporate Snapshot



Global headquarters near Basel (Switzerland) with internationally experienced leadership team

Own commercialization of lead asset in EU core countries

Strong rare disease development capabilities

AGAMREE® (vamorolone) in Duchenne muscular dystrophy

Approvals by three authorities (US, EU, UK)

Approved by FDA (10/2023), EMA/EC (12/2023) and MHRA (01/2024) for use in DMD

Launched in Germany by Santhera and U.S. by partner Catalyst

NDA filed in China and priority review granted to partner Sperogenix

Differentiated safety profile addresses needs across broad DMD patient segments

Potential as alternative to corticosteroids in range of other therapeutic indications

Finance

Cash runway into 2025 including commercial EU infrastructure & launch

Major shareholders: Catalyst Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 11.2%; Idorsia 10.3%



Santhera value driver in DMD with broad therapeutic potential

AGAMREE® (vamorolone) foundational therapy in DMD

- U.S. FDA full approval on October 26, 2023; US launch on March 13, 2024
- EC full approval on December 18, 2023; German launch on Jan 15, 2024
- MHRA full approval on January 11, 2024
- · Potential as alternative to corticosteroids in broad range of therapeutic areas
- Own commercialization in top-5 Europe (Germany, UK, France, Italy, Spain), plus Benelux, Austria, Switzerland. Commercialization in other countries via partner(s)
- Peak potential > EUR 150 million in DMD (in Santhera own markets)¹
- Commercialization in the U.S. by partner Catalyst, in China by partner Sperogenix

Worldwide rights for all indications (vamorolone partnered in North America & China)





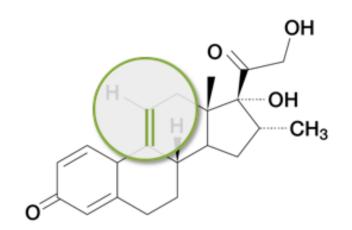
Lead asset AGAMREE® in DMD approved by FDA, EMA and MHRA

Launch in Germany as of January 15 by Santhera and on March 12, 2024, in the U.S. by Catalyst NDA filed in China and priority review granted to partner Sperogenix on March 27, 2024

Molecule	Study / Indication	PoC	Pivotal	Filing	Market	Phase 4	Remarks
Vamorolone	DMD development VISION-DMD			CN	US, EU, UK		North America & China partnerships Catalyst Sperogenix
dissociative steroidoral suspension	DMD long-term extension GUARDIAN						Establish long-term benefit in DMD for patients on drug for 6+ years
Life cycle management	Becker muscular dystrophy	End early 2025					Trial under FDA grant to partner ReveraGen
	Steroid alternative in rare pediatric indications	Start in 2025		•			Plans to be disclosed



AGAMREE® (vamorolone) in Duchenne muscular dystrophy and potentially other inflammatory disorders



DMD offers attractive opportunity in well-defined orphan disease market

The DMD indication with few current treatment options is a fast-growing multi-billion market

- Approx. 30,000 35,000 patients in U.S. and Europe combined
- Well defined standard of care with corticosteroids as lead chronic treatment in established guidelines
- Patients diagnosed at early age and accessible
- Limited number of specialized centers
- Well knowledgeable patient advocacy groups
- Newer therapies likely to be used in combination with corticosteroids

Focused expert centers treating patients in EU and U.S.





DMD	Centers	HCPs
U.S.	~90	~450
EU4+UK	~180	~750

Current approved therapies command high price with intrinsic limitations to serve addressable market

- Exon skippers and read through therapies serve niche segments based on genetic mutation
- Gene therapies deliver micro-dystrophin partially restoring function with re-dosing challenges
- Deflazacort (corticosteroid) is approved in U.S. (Emflaza®), achieves attractive margins



AGAMREE® can fill the need for a better foundational therapy in DMD

Corticosteroids delay disease progression by 2-3 years, but associated toxicities limit their use

ESTABLISHED EFFICACY OF STEROIDS

Classical corticosteroids demonstrate efficacy with delay in disease progression.

They are used on top of exon skipping and read-through drugs or gene therapies under development.

ESTABLISHED FOUNDATIONAL THERAPY

SAFETY ISSUES WITH STEROIDS

Classical corticosteroids are associated with significant side effect burden.

This leads to hesitance starting therapy in young boys, to underdosing and to early discontinuation.

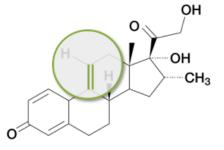
TOO LATE
TOO LITTLE
TOO SOON

VAMOROLONE OFFERING

Subtle difference in steroid chemical structure leads to dissociative properties.

Maintained antiinflammatory efficacy with improved safety profile has been established.

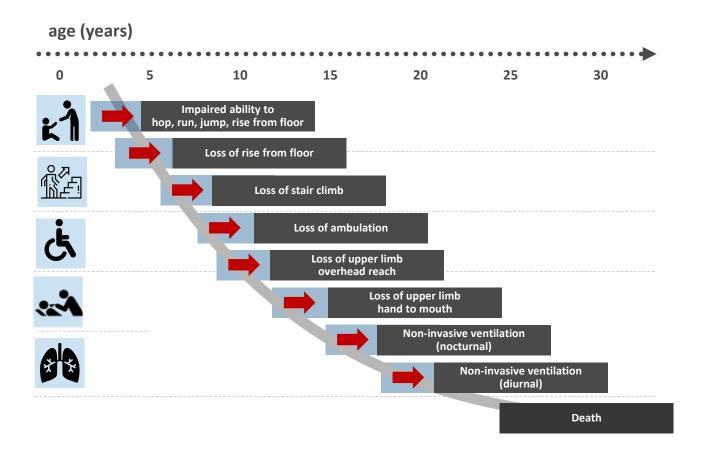
NEW
DISSOCIATIVE
STEROID





Corticosteroids delay disease progression in DMD by 2 – 3 years^{4,6}

Established endpoints and consistent evidence base through several clinical studies



Corticosteroids are the standard of care

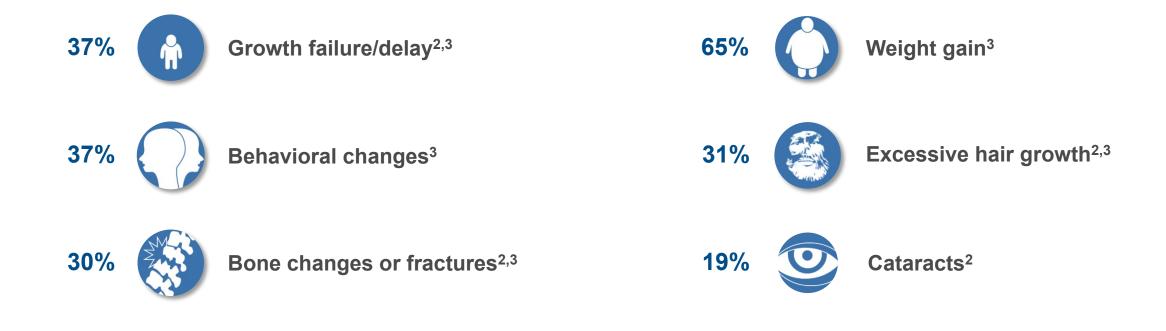
- DMD progression is sequential, non-linear and irreversible¹⁻⁴
- Early initiation of corticosteroids preserves
 muscle function and strength, delaying time to
 loss of functional milestones by 2 3 years^{4,6}
- Steroid treatment associated with a reduction in all-cause mortality, new onset and progressive cardiomyopathy⁵



Corticosteroid treatment is associated with well-defined toxicities

...up to 65% of DMD patients discontinue treatment early due to adverse events¹⁻³

Cushingoid appearance³

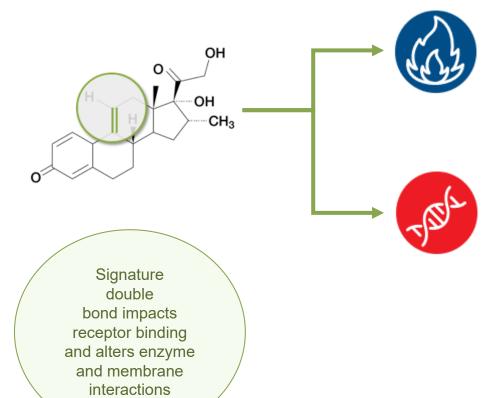




55%

AGAMREE® (vamorolone) dissociative properties

Subtle but impactful difference in chemical structure separates vamorolone from classical steroids¹⁻⁵



Like corticosteroids, efficacy maintained by potent anti-inflammatory action

Retained inhibition of NF-kB pro-inflammatory transcription factor

Unlike corticosteroids, potential for reduction of steroid-associated side effects

- Less activation of genes related to side effects
- Not a substrate of hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase
- Potent mineralocorticoid antagonist (eplerenone-like)
- Membrane stabilizer

NF-кВ=nuclear factor kappa B., 1. Smith et al. PLOS Medicine. (2020); 2. Dang et al. MDA Abstr. #47 (2021) 3. Gug

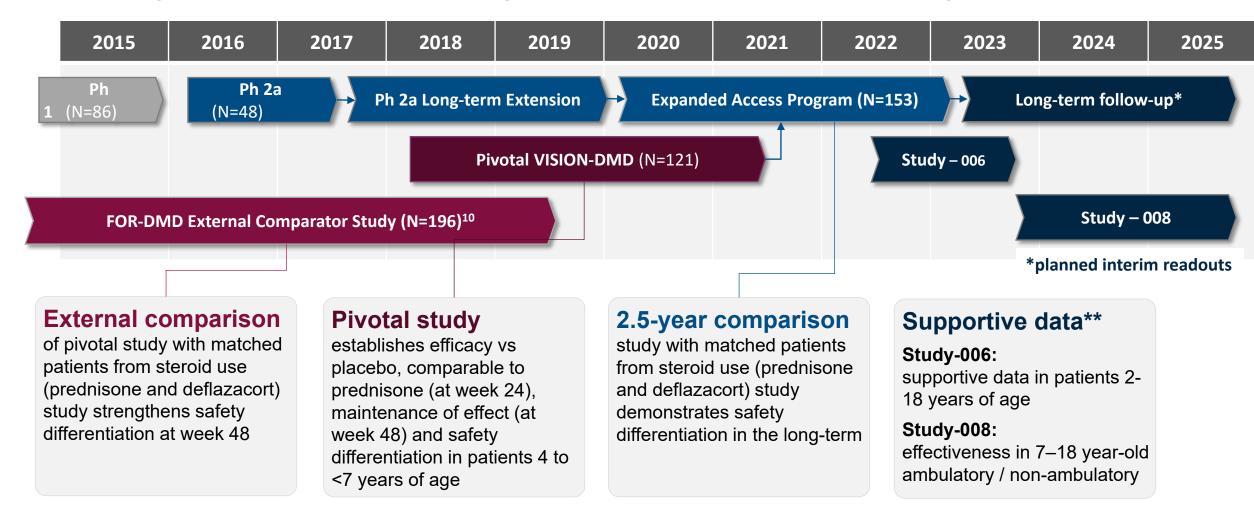
524 WMS 2021, 4. Heier CR, et al. EMBO Mol Med. 2013;5:1569-1585, 5. Liu X, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2020 Sep



11

Comprehensive AGAMREE® (vamorolone) development 2-9

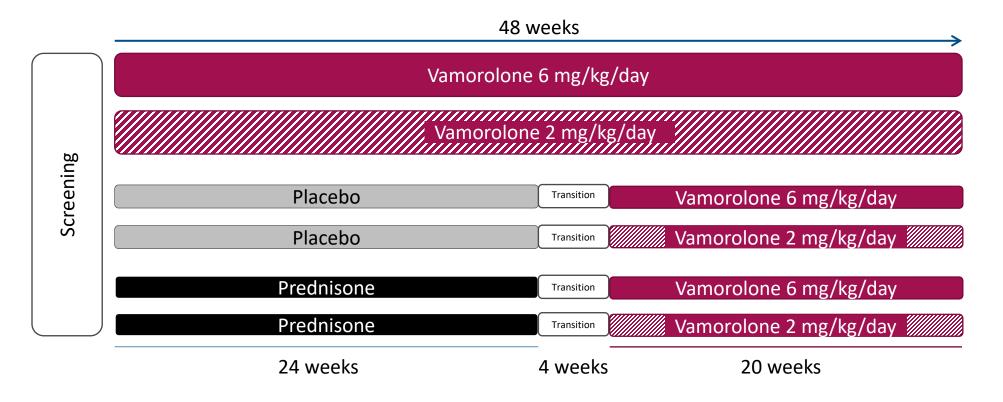
200 patient-years exposure in 160 DMD boys treated with vamorolone for up to 7 years¹





Pivotal VISION-DMD: Study design

Randomized, double-blind, placebo and active control trial in 121 steroid-naive patients, aged 4 – <7 years



Outcome measures

Primary efficacy outcome measure: TTSTAND velocity vs placebo at 24 weeks

Key secondary outcome measures: 6MWT, TTRW, TTCLIMB, NSAA, safety and tolerability



Primary endpoint met with high statistical significance at 24 weeks

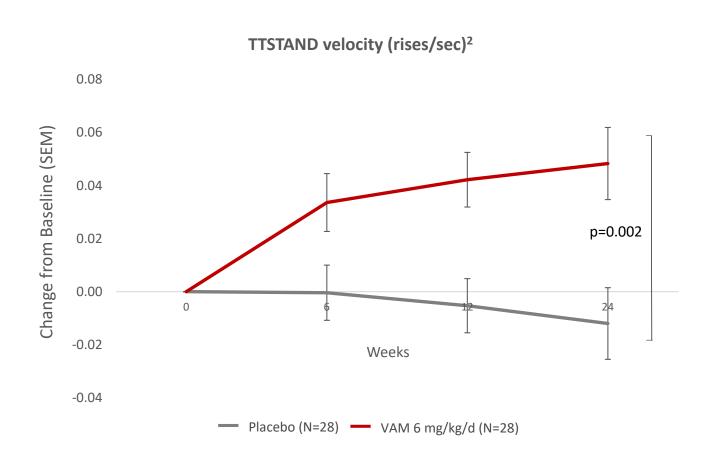
Consistent and robust efficacy shown by primary endpoint and majority of secondary endpoints for both vamorolone doses

Rank	Endpoint	Comparison vs placebo	Difference	MCID	P-value
Primary	TTSTAND velocity	vam 6mg/kg	0.06 rises/s	>0.023 rises/s1	0.002
	TTSTAND velocity	vam 2mg/kg	0.04 rises/s	>0.023 rises/s1	0.017
Pre-Specified,	6MWT	vam 6mg/kg	42 m	>26-32 m ^{2,3}	0.003
Hierarchical	6MWT	vam 2mg/kg	37 m	>26-32 m ^{2,3}	0.009
Secondary	TTRW velocity	vam 6mg/kg	0.24 m/s	>0.2 ^{1,2} m/s	0.002
	TTRW velocity	vam 2mg/kg	0.13 m/s	>0.2 ^{1,2} m/s	0.103
	TTCLIMB velocity	vam 6mg/kg	0.07 task/s		<0.001
Exploratory	TTCLIMB velocity	vam 2mg/kg	0.06 task/s		0.006
	NSAA	vam 6mg/kg	3.4 points	>2-3 points ^{4,5}	<0.001
	NSAA	vam 2mg/kg	3.2 points	>2-3 points ^{4,5}	<0.001



Primary endpoint met with clinically relevant treatment difference

Observed difference of 0.06 rises/sec is expected to delay the time to loss of ambulation by 2-3 years¹







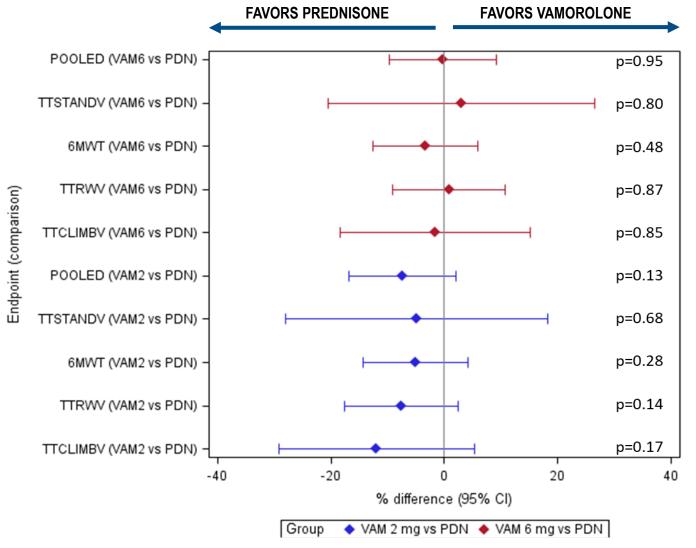
23% improvement in time to rise after 6 months of treatment with VAM 6mg/kg/d³

Rise time (sec) ²	BL	w 24	% Change
VAM 6 mg/kg/d	6.0	4.6	- 23%
Placebo	5.4	5.5	+ 2%



Comparable efficacy of vamorolone 6 mg/kg/d vs prednisone 0.75 mg/kg/d

Difference between groups in percentual change from baseline at week 24 (post hoc analysis)

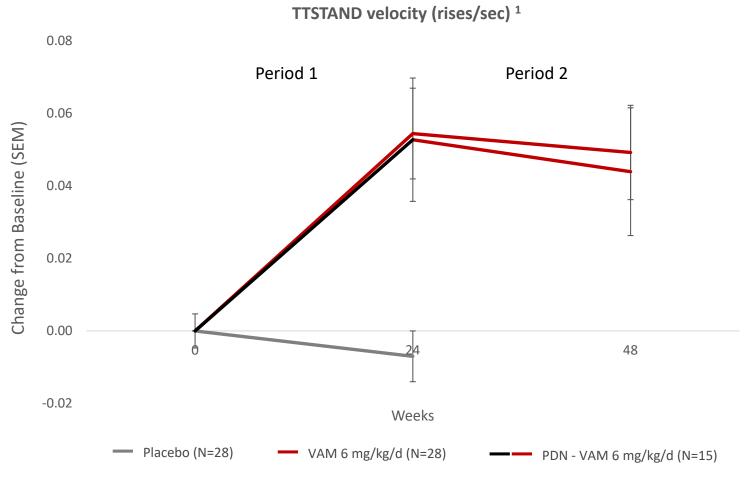




Corporate Presentation April 2024

No loss of efficacy when switching from prednisone to vamorolone

Durable treatment effect maintained over 48 weeks with vamorolone 6 mg/kg/d¹



- During treatment period 1, patients on vamorolone 6 mg/kg/d showed same change in TTSTAND velocity as patients on prednisone before switching to vamorolone 6 mg/kg/d
- During treatment period 2, both groups showed same maintenance of effect
- Historical data consistently show that there is no further improvement with prolonged steroid treatment after the initial improvement in TTSTAND²

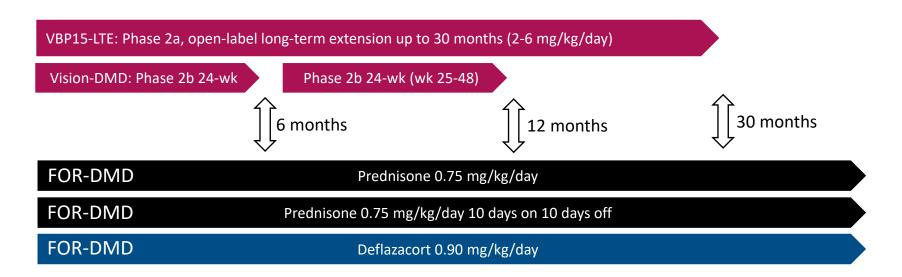


The FOR-DMD study provides external comparator data¹

Pre-specified analyses in double-blind, randomized, academic-run, independent study

DMD boys 4- <7 Steroid-naive N=121 (pivotal Phase 2b, 48-wks) N=46 (LTE, 30-months)

DMD boys 4-8 Steroid-naive N=196, 3-5 year follow-up



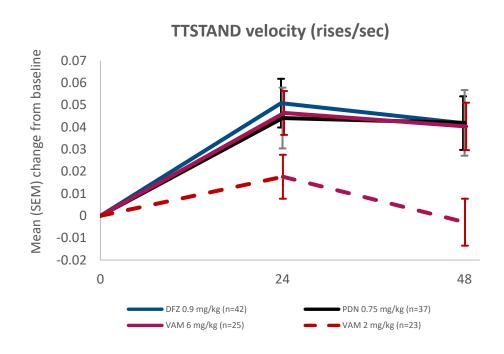
Time point	Efficacy		Safety		
	Comparison	Method	Comparison	Method	
24 weeks / 6 months	PDN (VISION-DMD) vs PDN (FOR-DMD)	Propensity score matching ²	PDN (VISION-DMD) vs PDN (FOR-DMD)	Inclusion criteria matching ³	
48 weeks / 12 months	VAM vs PDN vs DFZ	Propensity score matching ²	VAM vs PDN vs DFZ	Inclusion criteria matching ³	
2.5 years ⁴	Not applicable	Not applicable	VAM vs PDN vs DFZ	Inclusion criteria matching ³	

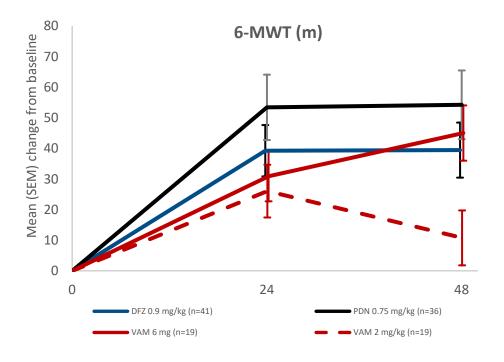




VISION-DMD pre-specified* analyses vs FOR-DMD external control

Propensity matched cross study comparison shows comparable efficacy for vamorolone 6 mg/kg/d versus standard of care corticosteroid treatment



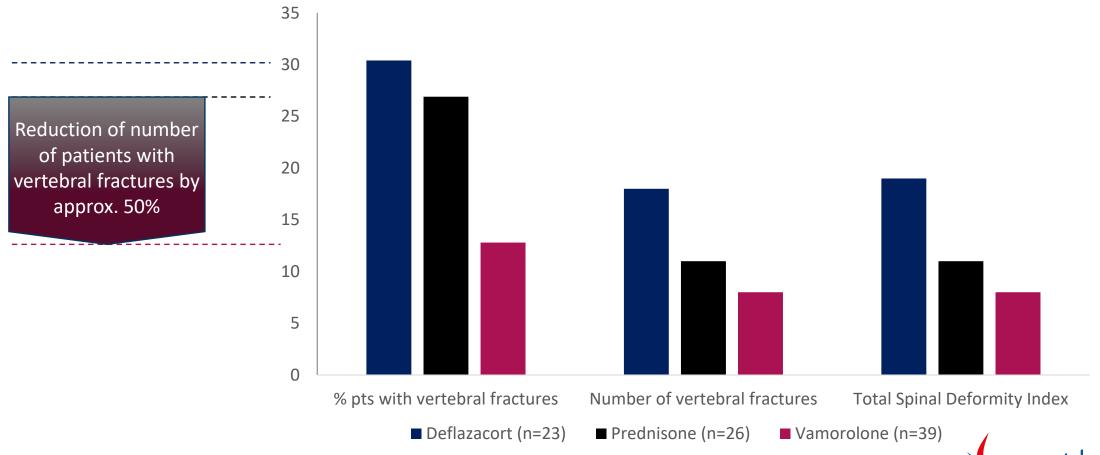




Fewer and less severe spinal fractures with vamorolone compared to classical corticosteroids over 2.5 years



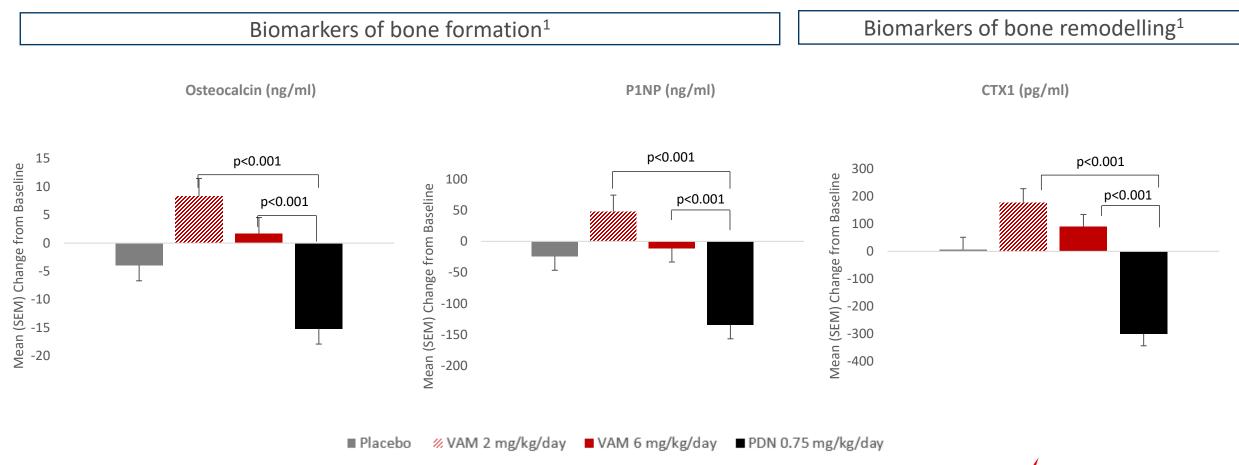
Vamorolone long-term extension (LTE) study vs FOR-DMD, matched comparison, central reading using modified Genant grades¹



Bone biomarker data from VISION-DMD study supports findings on long-term bone health



Unlike classical corticosteroids, vamorolone does not have a negative impact

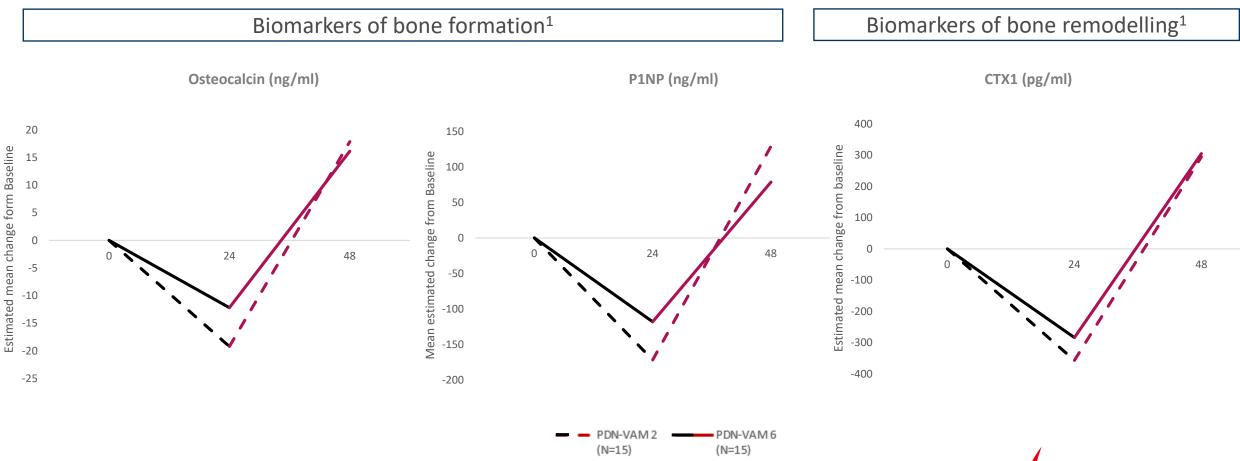




Bone biomarker data from VISION-DMD study supports findings on long-term bone health



Rapid recovery of bone biomarkers after switching from prednisone



22

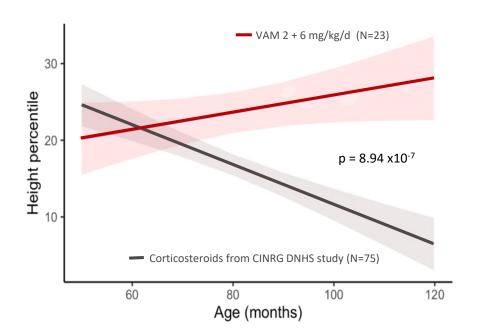
Vamorolone allows for normal bone development and growth

Bone Health

Comparison to natural history data and in patients switching from prednisone

Vamorolone did not stunt growth unlike other corticosteroids used in DMD

Modelling of height trajectory from long-term vamorolone data and corticosteroids from CINRG Natural History Data²



Switching from prednisone to vamorolone recovers normal growth trajectory (VISION-DMD study)

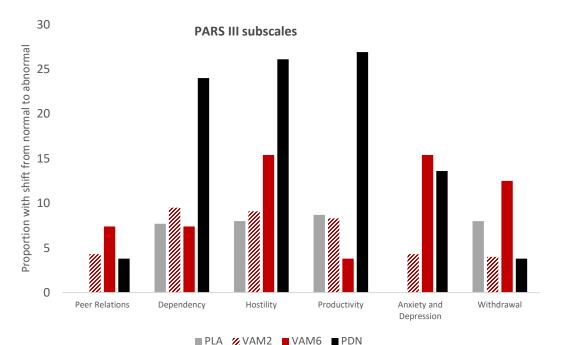




Fewer and less severe behavioral problems reported with vamorolone

Comparison of behavioral problems reported for vamorolone vs prednisone at week 24

VISION-DMD Study	Placebo N = 29	Prednisone 0.75 mg/kg/d N = 31	Vamorolone 2 mg/kg/d N = 30	Vamorolone 6 mg/kg/d N = 28
Behavior problems AESIs, N (%)	4 (13.8)	10 (32.3)	5 (16.7)	6 (21.4)
Moderate/severe AESIs, N (%)	1 (3.4)	7 (22.6)	1 (3.3)	-
AESIs leading to discontinuation, N (%)	0	1 (3.2)	0	0



PARS III scale: proportion of patients shifting from normal to a clinically relevant worsening by subscale, defined as shift from normal adjustment score (z-score <1) at baseline to abnormal adjustment score (z-score ≥1) at Week 24 based on normative data from Henriksen 2009



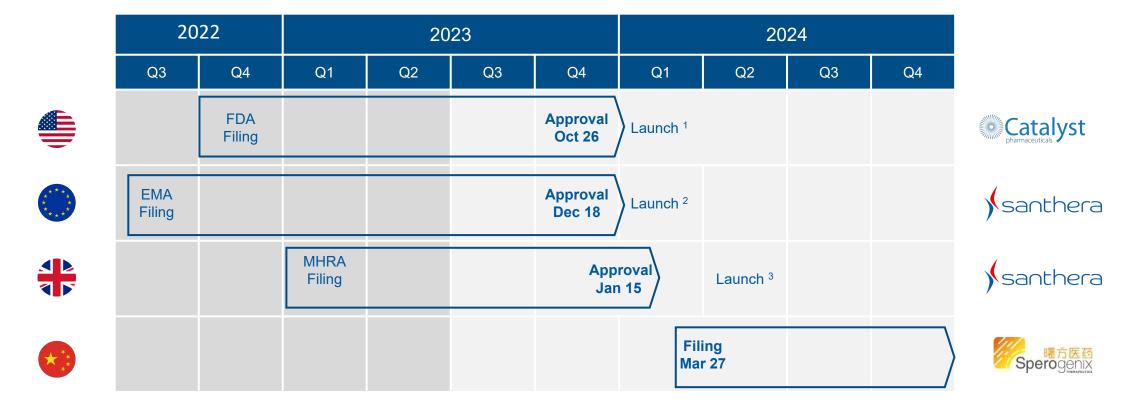
AGAMREE® (vamorolone) clinical data value proposition

- Durable efficacy comparable to standard of care with AGAMREE® 6 mg/kg/day
 - Statistically robust efficacy vs placebo at 24 weeks for both 2 mg/kg/day and 6 mg/kg/day
 - No loss of efficacy when switching from prednisone to vamorolone
 - Long-term efficacy of vamorolone 6mg/kg/day comparable to standard of care corticosteroids at 48 weeks
- Preserved bone health with AGAMREE®, unlike deleterious effect of standard of care corticosteroids (CS)
 - Normal bone turnover biomarkers and reduction of risk of spinal fractures with long-term treatment vs CS
 - Height trajectory as expected from CDC normalized growth curves unlike CS and comparable to placebo
- Improved safety profile compared to prednisone evident in the first 24 weeks
 - Placebo-like treatment emergent adverse events (TEAEs) with vamorolone 2 mg/kg/day
 - Fewer and milder TEAEs with vamorolone 6mg/kg/day compared to prednisone, including behavioral problems
- Effective 3-fold dose range with a dose-dependent safety profile allows for individualized dose adjustment as needed to best manage tolerability to maintain treatment long-term



Full approval by FDA, EMA and MHRA for AGAMREE® in DMD

- Approvals for all patients of age 2 (US) or 4 (EU, UK) years and older; launch in Germany as of Jan 15, 2024
- Orphan drug exclusivity in U.S. (7 years) and Europe (12 years incl. pediatric extension)
- Patent protection at least until 2040 (U.S.) and 2035 (EU)





^{1:} Through partner Catalyst; 2: Staggered launch with first country Germany; 3: Launch review by NICE (National Institute for Health and Care Excellence) evaluation; EMA: European Medicines Agency; MHRA: Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency; FDA: Food and Drug Administration

Santhera commercial launch in key European geographies

Santhera aims to market vamorolone in DMD itself in core territory with population of ~340 million

First launch in Germany in January 2024

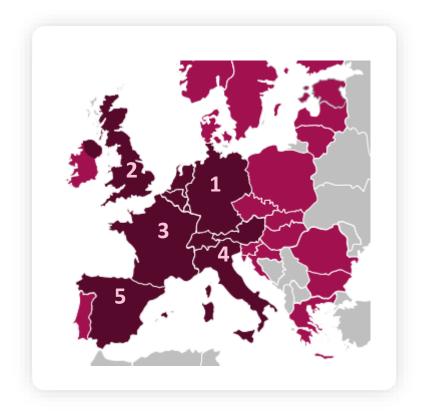
- Staged roll-out across the key European markets
- Strong and growing stakeholder support

Lean commercial organization

- Up to 60 incremental employees over next two years
- Country activities supported by central hub

European market opportunity in DMD alone

- Expected peak sales of EUR >150 million in Santhera territory
- Additional revenue from distribution partners



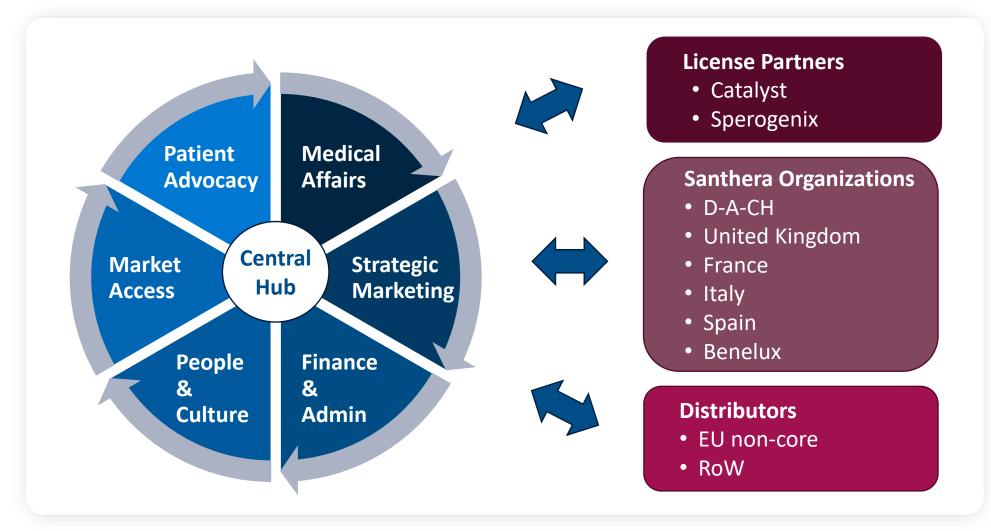
Santhera

Partners



Santhera commercial set-up with central hub structure at headquarters

Headquarter core functions collaborate with license partners and support own lean own country teams as well as distribution partners





28

Market opportunity to change the foundational therapy in DMD

AGAMREE® can adress the shortcomings of current standard of care corticosteroid use

Current corticosteroid use

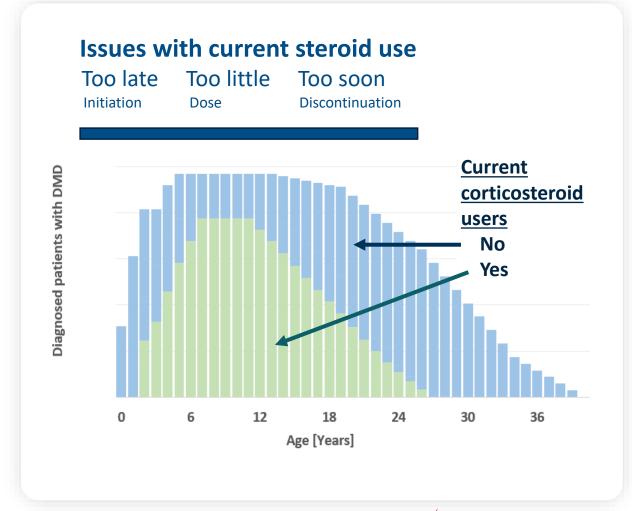
 With 60-70% of patients on steroid treatment, currently up to 8,000 boys/men are being treated with standard corticosteroids in the Santhera own commercialization markets* alone^{1,2}

AGAMREE[®] opportunity for change

- Replacing current corticosteroid treatment initiation
- Switching patients from standard corticosteroids
- Restarting treatment for patients recently discontinued

Peak market size potential (Santhera)

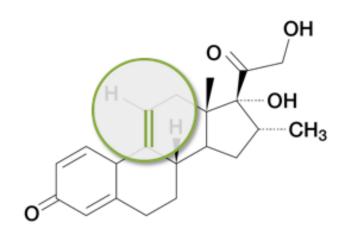
- Estimated range of 3,000 to 4,000 patients on AGAMREE[®]
- Standard range of orphan drug pricing leads to peak sales estimate exceeding EUR >150 million





29

Vamorolone in Becker muscular dystrophy



Becker muscular dystrophy (BMD) disease profile and corticosteroid use

Genetics

X-linked recessive form of muscular dystrophy typically diagnosed between age 5 and 15

Cause

Partial loss of function of dystrophin with a broad clinical variability

Patients

Higher life expectancy and lower prevalence than DMD (approx. 1/3)

Symptoms

Progressing muscle weakness and degeneration with later and slower onset compared to DMD

Medical need

No approved treatment and under-represented development efforts

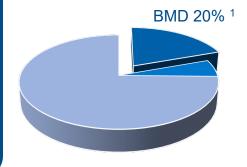
CORTICOSTEROIDS IN BMD

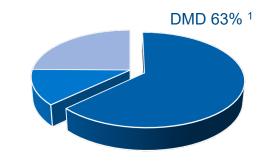
Steroid use is lower compared to DMD due to perceived less favorable benefit-risk ratio for current steroids¹

Vamorolone addresses safety concerns and may qualify for a chronic treatment in BMD

Evidence for corticosteroid use in BMD

- Efficacy from limited patient case studies
- Data from in vivo models of inflammation.





- currently on corticosteroids
 no longer on corticosteroids
 - never been on corticosteroids

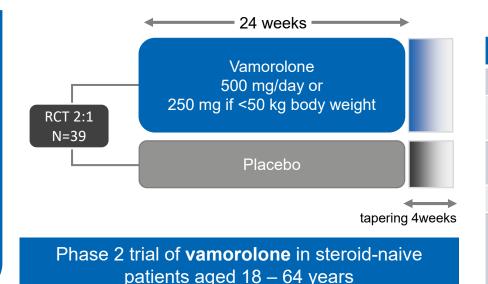


Vamorolone holds promise in BMD based on data generated for DMD

Vamorolone designated orphan drug status by FDA in January 2024

Vamorolone potential benefits in BMD^{1,2}

- Anti-inflammatory agent with reduced side effects via dissociative character of vamorolone
- Cardiac benefit via mineralocorticoid antagonism
- Potential to increase dystrophin levels via suppression of dystrophin-targeted microRNAs



	NCT05166109
Sponsor	ReveraGen
Objectives	Safety and efficacy
Centers	Pittsburgh (USA), Padua (IT)
PI	P. Clemens, USA
Funding	FDA , NIH, Foundation Eradicate Duchenne

CURRENT CLINICAL DEVELOPMENT IN BMD (all three drugs are developed both in BMD and DMD)³

- Phase 2 completed: Givinostat (Italfarmaco), 12-month treatment in 51 patients
- Phase 2 recruiting: EDG-5506 (Edgewise), 12-month treatment in 54 patients
- Phase 2 recruiting: Vamorolone (ReveraGen/Santhera), 24-week treatment in 39 patients
- Natural history study ongoing: (Edgewise), 24-month observational study in 150 patients



Santhera financial status

Santhera Pharmaceuticals is listed on the Swiss Stock Exchange SIX: Ticker SANN

• Key figures (CHF million* as of Dec 31, 2023)

•	Net (income) for the period	54.8
•	Cash (used) in operations	(47.6)

- Cash & cash equivalents 30.4
- Debt outstanding (maturity August 2024) ** (20.9)
- Shareholders' equity 60.5

• Key figures (CHF million* as of Mar 31, 2024)

- Revenue for the period 4.7
- Cash & cash equivalents 26.8

Cash runway

 Into 2025 incl. commercial EU infrastructure & launch***

Recent milestones AGAMREE® for DMD

- 07-2023: North American licensing to Catalyst
- 10-2023: US approval by FDA
- 12-2023: EU approval by European Commission
- 01-2024: UK approval by MHRA
- 01-2024: Launch in Germany on Jan 15, 2024
- 03-2024: Launch in U.S. on Mar 12, 2024
- 03-2024: NDA filed in China by partner Sperogenix

Capital structure

- Basic shares outstanding 12.6 million
- Market capitalization CHF 120 million (per share CHF 9.5)
- Major shareholders Catalyst (11.2%) and Idorsia (10.3%)
- Research by H.C. Wainwright, Octavian and valuationLAB



